International Scale of River Difficulty

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Class I/Easy	Few or no obstructions; fast moving water with riffles; risk to swimmers is slight
Class II/Novice	Wide clear channels; occasional maneuvering; rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers, swimmers are seldom injured; assistance is helpful but rarely needed
Class III/Intermediate	Rapids with moderate, irregular waves which may be difficult to avoid and capable of swamping a canoe; complex maneuvers in fast current and narrow passages require good boat control; large waves, holes and strainers may be present but are easily avoided; powerful current; scouting advisable; swimmers are unlikely to be injured but assistance may be needed to avoid a long swim
Class IV/Advanced	Intense, powerful rapids; turbulent water; may involve long, unavoidable waves, holes or constricted passages demanding fast maneuvers under pressure; may require "must" moves above dangerous hazards; risk of injury to swimmers is moderate to high; group assistance to swimmers requires practiced skills
Class V/Expert	. Long, obstructed, turbulent rapids; drops may contain very large unavoidable waves, holes or steep congested chutes with complex demanding routes; several of these factors may be combined at the upper level of this class; rescue is extremely difficult; above average rescue skills are essential
Class VI/Almost Impossible	. Difficulties of Class V are carried to the limits of navigability; very dangerous; risks are high and rescue may be impossible; for teams of experts only under favorable conditions
River Terms	
Reading Water	The ability to look at water above a rapid and select the better routes based on lines, whirlpools and formations on the surface of the river.
Haystacks/Wave Train	A series of tall waves which causes a similar experience to a roller coaster ride as the raft climbs up and rides down one wave after another.
Catch Air	A human catapult caused by the springing action the back of the raft experiences going off a large drop or over a very large wave. Guides are extremely vulnerable yet well aware of the ability to fly as high as 8 feet above the raft.
Doldrums	A calm stretch without whitewater. Great for a relaxing swim, enjoying the scenery, or a watery ambush of the unsuspecting raft ahead of you.
Hole/Reversal/Hydraulic	Forms below a ledge when water recirculates, continuously forming a horizontal whirlpool. Holes will catch objects passing through and hold them from several seconds to indefinitely. In the most extreme cases these are called "keepers".
Highsiding	The desperate attempt to climb up the last remaining piece of raft above water to avoid flipping the raft upside down in a rapid.

